ABSTRACT

5

Antisense compounds, compositions and methods are provided for modulating the expression of short heterodimer partner-1. The compositions comprise antisense compounds, particularly antisense oligonucleotides, targeted to nucleic of acids encoding short heterodimer partner-1. Methods of using these compounds for modulation of short heterodimer partner-1 expression and for treatment of diseases associated with expression of short heterodimer partner-1 are provided.